

Education Appeal Guidance for Parents

Parents/carers have appeal rights in certain areas of education law:

- Placing Requests
- Exclusions
- Additional Support Needs

Who has the right to make an appeal?

Parents/carers have the right of appeal in all cases where their child is still under school leaving age (16 year old). They may also have the right of appeal in cases where their child is over that age (i.e is a young person), but the young person does not have the necessary understanding to appeal on their own. A person is of school age if he/she has attained the age of five years and has not attained the age of sixteen years, see Section 31 of the Education Scotland Act 1980.

However, generally once pupils are over school leaving age, they will have the right of appeal and their parent(s)/carer(s) will not.

Parents or young persons have the right to appeal against an exclusion. In addition, children who have legal capacity have the right to appeal. A parent can appeal on behalf of a pupil who is older than school leaving age if the pupil is unable to do so due to learning difficulty or mental incapacity.

The national guidance on exclusions states that either the child or the child's parent/ carer can appeal against an exclusion, but not both.

What decisions can be appealed?

There are only certain decisions which can be appealed and they can be considered by the Education Appeal Committee (EAC) – there are also some decisions where the appeal will be considered by the Additional Support Needs Tribunal Scotland (ASNTS).

Education Appeal Committee (EAC)

- Exclusion from school
- Refusal of a placing request

Additional Support Needs Tribunal Scotland (ASNTS) -www.asntscotland.goc.uk

- Opening a Co-ordinated Support Plan or continuing a CSP on review
- Refusing to open a CSP or discontinuing it on review;
- Failure to comply with certain time limits connected with a CSP;
- Certain information contained within a CSP
- New grounds of appeal as introduced by the Education (Additional Support for Learning)(Scotland) Act 2009

Where do appeals go?

Exclusion appeals and most appeals against placing request refusals are heard by the education appeal committee, with a further right of appeal to the Sheriff. Appeals against attendance order are heard by the Sheriff.

Appeals in relation to Co-ordinated Support Plans (Including some placing request appeals) are heard by the Additional Support Needs Tribunal Scotland. The ASNTS can hear some exclusion appeals if the alleged ground of exclusion is disability discrimination under the Equality Act 2010.

There is some overlap here as parents have a choice between appealing an exclusion to the EAC or to the ASNTS on the grounds of disability discrimination.

*The ASNTS website will provide information on the rules and procedures relating to the hearings undertaken by that organisation – see www.asntscotalnd.gov.uk

Education Appeal Committee (EAC)

Appeals about most placing requests and all exclusions are heard by an Education Appeal Committee.

An appeal committee set up under section 28D (1) of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980 shall be constituted in accordance with Schedule A1.

An appeal committee will consist of 3, 5 or 7 members nominated by the authority from among persons appointed by the authority under Schedule A1; and sufficient persons may be appointed to enable 2 or more appeal committees to sit at the same time.

As it is important that appellants have confidence that they will receive a fair hearing from an appeal committee, care is taken to avoid any choice of members that may give rise to a conflict of interest. The appeal committee members are reminded that the appeal committee is an independent committee and should act impartially. Hearings are conducted in accordance with the requirements of natural justice and human rights legislation and in as informal an atmosphere as is compatible with the importance of the hearing.

Membership of the Education Appeal Committee

Schedule A1 (3) of the Education (Scotland) Act 1980

The persons appointed to sit as members of an EAC shall comprise

- Elected Members
- Parents of children currently of school age (and traditionally drawn from Parent Councils)
- Persons who in opinion of the authority have experience in education; or are acquainted with the educational conditions in the area of the authority

However, no person employed by the authority as director of education or in an administrative or advisory capacity as respects the discharge of their education functions will sit as a member.

Similarly, whilst there is no requirement to have an Elected Member on every EAC, there is a requirement that where Elected Members are on the panel, they will not form a majority on the EAC.

In North Ayrshire, the committee comprises two lay representatives (drawn from a pool of 9) and one (Elected Member from a pool of 4).

Clerk to the Committee

Each appeal committee will have the services of a clerk. The clerk is an appropriate officer of North Ayrshire Council and is responsible for arranging the hearings and circulation of papers. They are an employee who in the course of their employment by the local authority, do not deal with the admission of children to school, the exclusion of children or children with special educational needs. The clerk is responsible for the production of a record of the hearing. If the committee withdraw or invite the parties to do so when they wish to consider their decision, the clerk will remain with the committee but only for the purpose of offering advice on procedure.

The clerk may be called on to give advice on procedure to the appeal committee during the course of the hearing and when they retire to consider a decision.

The clerk of North Ayrshire Council is located at Cunninghame House, Irvine KA12 8EE, telephone number is 01294 324131.

Procedures before Notice of Appeal

Placing requests can be made and decisions appealed during term time. The Council's admissions procedures ensure that the point of appeal is not until all other means of settlement have been exhausted. The Council seeks to arrange our timescale so that notices of appeal will be lodged well before customary holiday periods in order that all appeals for the following school session are normally heard and decided before the beginning of that session.

The notice of a final decision not to uphold an appeal relating to parental preference, exclusion or additional support needs cases will be accompanied by information in simple terms on how an appeal can be made about this decision.

Notice of Appeal

A placing request appeal must be lodged by the appellant with the appeal committee within twenty eight days of receipt of the decision. The appeal committee have power, on good cause being shown, to hear appeals which have not been made timeously. In the case of appeals against exclusions, there is no time limit for appeals to the appeal committee.

Acknowledgement of Appeal

Within five working days of receipt of a reference to the appeal committee, the appeal committee must issue an acknowledgement of it and give notification of it to the education authority.

Hearings

An appeal committee must afford the appellant an opportunity of appealing and making representations and in all cases a time and place of hearing must be appointed. The notification to be given to an appellant will include a statement as to his/her rights:

- to appear or to be represented at the hearing, for example by a lawyer or a relative or friend:
- to be accompanied at the hearing by up to three friends including the person (if any) representing the appellant;
- to lodge written representations; and
- to allow the presentation of his/her case to rest on written representations if any, lodged by him/her or on his/her behalf.
- that a hearing may proceed in the absence of the appellant
- that the education authority will be represented at the hearing

Appeals must be heard in private but any of the following persons may be present as observers (the first four by permission of the chairman and the fifth by right):

- a member of the education authority
- the Executive Director (Education and Youth Employment) of the education authority or any person representing him/her
- a panel member who would benefit for training purposes from attending
- a member of Education Scotland (previously Her Majesty Inspectorate of Schools)
- a member of the Administrative Justice & Tribunals Council or its Scottish Committee

The procedure at the hearing is as follows:

- presentation of the case for the education authority
- questioning by the appellant
- questioning by the appeal committee
- case for the appellant
- questioning by Education and Skills
- questioning by the appeal committee
- summing up by the education authority
- summing up by the appellant

However, the chair of the committee has ultimate control over the procedure followed – members are also allowed to put questions to anyone giving evidence at the hearing.

Factors that may be taken into consideration when reaching a decision in placing request cases

It is for the education authority to satisfy the committee that the duty to place the child in the school preferred does not apply because one or more of the following grounds exists or exist when the appeal is heard;

- would make it necessary for the authority to take additional teaching staff into employment:
- would give rise to significant expenditure in extending or altering the school's accommodation or facilities;

- would be seriously detrimental to the continuity of the child's education:
- would be likely to be seriously detrimental to order and discipline in the school or the educational wellbeing of the pupils there;
- would prevent the education authority from retaining reserved places at the specified school, for pupils likely to move into the catchment area of the school;
- if the education normally provided at the specified school is not suited to the age, ability or aptitude of the child;
- if, where the specified school is a special school, the child does not have special educational needs requiring the education or special facilities normally provided at that school;
- if placing your child in your choice of school would mean significant costs on changing the accommodation:
- if the school is a special school and the education authority would be in breach of its duty to provide mainstream education by placing your child there;
- assuming that pupil numbers remain constant, make it necessary, at the commencement of future stage of the child's primary education, for the education authority to elect either to create an additional class (or an additional composite class) in the specified school or to take an additional teacher into employment at that school;
- where the placing request has the consequence that the capacity of the school would be exceeded in terms of pupil numbers.

The burden of proof in all hearings rests with the authority. The onus is on the authority to ensure that they have applied the correct legal test for placing request refusal and exclusion.

Decisions

The chairman or the appeal committee will inform the appellant and the authority whether the committee propose to notify their decision with the reason for it in writing at the conclusion of the hearing or at some time after that conclusion. If the appellant is not present or represented at the hearing, then immediate written notification of a proposal to defer the decision must be given to the appellant. Deferral is not the only option available to an appeal committee, they can decide to consider the appeal and reach a decision in the absence of an appellant.

Where the appeal committee do not announce their decision at the end of a hearing, they should notify their decision and their reasons for that secession in writing within fourteen days. Where appropriate, they must inform the appellant of any right of appeal to the sheriff and the time limit applicable.

Record of Proceedings of an Appeal Committee

The clerk of the appeal committee will keep notes of the proceedings, the attendance, the voting, the decisions and the reasons for the decisions. Such documents will not be public. In deciding how long to keep any notes the clerk will take into account the Freedom of Information policy of the local authority.

A brief Minute of the meeting will be published, but will not contain any information which might identify the appellant.

Useful Publications

COSLA Revised code of practice for the constitution and procedures of education appeal committees in Scotland – Published July 2001. The Clerk should be able to provide a copy of this Code on request.

A-Z of Scots Education Law a Guide for Parents 3rd Edition ISBN978-011-497346-9

Scottish Executive circular 1/2001 Placing Requests for School age Children – http://www.scotland.gov.uk/publications

Scottish Committee of the Council on Tribunals Special Report on Education Appeal Committees in Scotland www.ajtc.gov.uk

Scottish Government circular 8/2003 Exclusion from Schools in Scotland: guidance to Education Authorities-

http://www.scotland.gov.uk/publications

Scottish Government: A guide for parents on Choosing a School and the placing request system, November 2010 – http://www.scotland.gov.uk

Useful Organisations

Additional Support Needs Tribunals for Scotland

5th Floor Highlander House 58 Waterloo Street Glasgow G2 7DA

Telephone: 0845 120 2906 Website: <u>www.asntscotland.gov.uk</u>

Citizen Advice Scotland

Spectrum House 2 Powderhall Road Edinburgh EH7 4GB

Telephone: 0131 550 1000 Website: www.cas.org.uk

European Court of Human Rights

Council of Europe F-67075 Strasbourg Cedex France

Telephone: +33 (0)3 88 41 20 18 Website: www.echr.coe.int

Independent Special Education advice (Scotland)

164 High Street Dalkeith Midlothian EH22 1AY

Telephone: 0131 454 0144 Website: <u>www.isea.org.uk</u>

Law Society of Scotland

26 Drumsheugh Gardens Edinburgh EH3 7YR

Telephone: 0131 226 7411 Website: www.lawscot.org.uk

Scottish Government Learning Directorate

Victoria Quay Edinburgh EH6 6QQ

Telephone: 0131 556 8400 Website: <u>www.scotland.gov.uk</u>

Enable

146 Argyle Street Glasgow G2 8BL

Telephone: 0300 0200 101 Website: <u>www.enable.org.uk</u>

Legislation

Legislation mentioned can be viewed at http://www.legislation.gov.uk

- Education (Scotland) Act 1980
- Education (Appeal Committee Procedures) (Scotland) Regulations 1982
- Education(Placing in Schools) (Scotland) Regulations 1982
- Education (Lower Primary Class Sizes)(Scotland) Amendment Regulations 2010
- Human Rights Act 1998
- Schools General (Scotland) Regulations 1975
- Standards in Scotland's School's Act 2000
- The Additional Support for Learning (Placing Requests and Deemed
- Decisions)(Scotland) Regulations 2005
- The Education (Additional Support for Learning)(Scotland) Act 2004
- The Education (Additional Support for Learning)(Scotland) Act 2009
- Tribunals Courts and Enforcement Act 2007